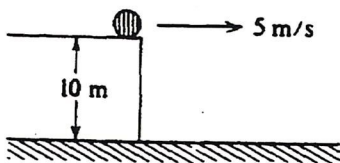


1. Torque is the rotational analogue of

- (A) kinetic energy
- (B) linear momentum
- (C) acceleration
- (D) force
- (E) mass



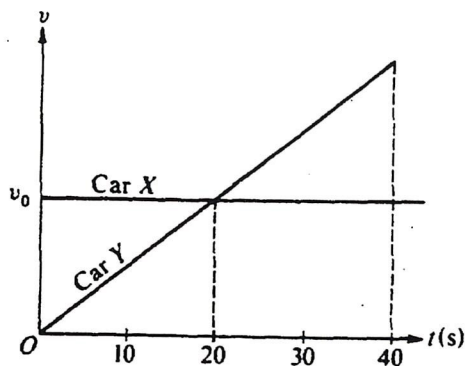
2. An object slides off a roof 10 meters above the ground with an initial horizontal speed of 5 meters per second as shown above. The time between the object's leaving the roof and hitting the ground is most nearly

- (A) $\frac{1}{2}$ s
- (B) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ s
- (C) $\sqrt{2}$ s
- (D) 2 s
- (E) $5\sqrt{2}$ s

3. A simple pendulum of length ℓ , whose bob has mass m , oscillates with a period T . If the bob is replaced by one of mass $4m$, the period of oscillation is

- (A) $\frac{1}{4}T$
- (B) $\frac{1}{2}T$
- (C) T
- (D) $2T$
- (E) $4T$

Questions 4-5



At time $t = 0$, car X traveling with speed v_0 passes car Y, which is just starting to move. Both cars then travel on two parallel lanes of the same straight road. The graphs of speed v versus time t for both cars are shown above.

4. Which of the following is true at time $t = 20$ seconds?

- (A) Car Y is behind car X.
- (B) Car Y is passing car X.
- (C) Car Y is in front of car X.
- (D) Both cars have the same acceleration.
- (E) Car X is accelerating faster than car Y.

5. From time $t = 0$ to time $t = 40$ seconds, the areas under both curves are equal. Therefore, which of the following is true at time $t = 40$ seconds?

- (A) Car Y is behind car X.
- (B) Car Y is passing car X.
- (C) Car Y is in front of car X.
- (D) Both cars have the same acceleration.
- (E) Car X is accelerating faster than car Y.